Heat Stroke and Exhaustion

Who Is At Risk?

• Senior Citizens Have An Increased Risk-

- o Because The Ability To Feel Heat And Thirst Decreases With Age
- Can Occur When The Body Is Exposed To High Temperatures For Long Periods Of Time
- o Especially When There Is High Humidity And Little Breeze Present.
- Not Drinking Enough Water, Alcohol Use, Heart Disease And The Use Of Certain Drugs Such As Diuretics.

Heat Exhaustion:

- Body Temperature- Is Normal Or Lower And The Skin Is Cold And Clammy
- Breathing Is Shallow And There Is Nausea
- Headache, Vomit, Weak, Dizzy Or Faint

Heat Stroke:

- The Body Temperature Is Gets To 105° Or Higher
- Skin Is Hot And Dry
- Heartbeat Is Rapid, Shallow Breathing, Nausea And Stomach Cramps
- May Appear To Be Confused
- Should Be Moved To A Shady Spot, Or An Air-Conditioned Room Indoors
- Seek Medical Care Immediately

What Can I do?

- Drink Plenty Of Water
 - Minimum Of 8 Large Glasses Per Day
 - o Water Is Best, Avoid Drinks With Caffeine
- Limit Exercise
 - \circ $\,$ Never Exercise Without Talking With Your Health Care Provider $\,$
- Wear- Loose, Lightweight Clothing
- Talk With Your Health Care Provider
- <u>Talk With A Registered Dietitian</u>- About The Correct Foods To Eat
- <u>Talk With Health Care Provider and Physical Therapist</u>- For An Exercise Plan For You



