Bite, Insect, Infected – Bee, Wasp, Hornet, and Ant

What is it?

• <u>Insect Bites</u>- usually not fatal, clean with an ointment containing antihistamine, an analgesic and a corticosteroid



Signs and Symptoms:

• <u>Anaphylaxis</u>- a life threatening allergic reaction in which the blood pressure falls and the airways close, occurs in less than 1% of the population, seizures may occur from isolated nerves becoming inflamed

Recommendations:

- <u>Stinger</u>- must be removed, scrap and do not pull or tweeze which injects more venom into the body
- <u>Reduce the Pain</u>- with an ice cube, a cream with antihistamine, an analgesic and a corticosteroid is helpful

Facts:

- <u>Tolerance</u>- 10 stings per pound of body weight, normal adults can withstand 1,000 stings, a child could die with 500 stings
- **Death** can be a result of 1 sting if an anaphylactic reaction
- Bee Stings 3 to 4 times more people die from bee stings than snake bites
 - Africanized Killer Bee- aggressive bee that has traveled from North America, causes a severe reaction, attack in swarms
- <u>Multiple Stings</u>- can cause heart malfunction and collapse of the circulatory system
- Fire Ants- 30 deaths have been attributed to these insect bites
 - Sting- pain, red and swollen, usually disappears in 45 minutes to 1 hour, a blister forms in 30 to 75 hours, rupturing and often becomes infected or a red, swollen, itchy patch with no blister

What can I do?

• <u>See your Health Care Provider</u>- antihistamine tablets, preloaded syringe of epinephrine

